Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2015

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education
Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the Board of Education
Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note I to the basic financial statements, effective July 1, 2014, the School District adopted the provision of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. The School District's unrestricted net position has been restated as of July 1, 2014 as a result of this change in accounting principle.

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, pension system schedules of funding progress and employer contributions, and the major fund budgetary comparison schedule on pages 43-45 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Education
Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2015 on our consideration of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 20, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the 2015 annual financial report of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County (the "School District") presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant fund - the General Fund - with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statements, the statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position, present financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents. The annual report includes the following:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

(Required Supplemental Information)
Budgetary Information for Major Fund
Pension Plan Schedules

Other Supplemental Information

Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

These two statements report Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's net position - the difference between assets and deferred outflows, compared to liabilities and deferred inflows, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as reported in the statement of activities - are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, athletics, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds - Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (the Cafeteria Fund would be an example) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as the Sinking Fund used for voter-approved capital projects). The governmental funds of the School District use the following accounting approach:

Governmental Funds - All of the School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The School District as Trustee - Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity funds. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table I provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014:

TABLE I	Governmental Activities			
	June 30			
	2015	2014		
	(in mi	illions)		
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 15.5	\$ 16.4		
Capital assets	68.1	68.8		
Total assets	83.6	85.2		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4.5	3.2		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	88.1	88.4		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	11.0	11.8		
Long-term liabilities	51.6	51.4		
Net pension liability	68.8	73.2		
Total liabilities	131.4	136.4		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5.1			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	136.5	136.4		
Net Position (Deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets	17.5	17.1		
Restricted	1.4	2.1		
Unrestricted	(67.3)	(66.8)		
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (48.4)</u>	\$ (47.6)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The above analysis focuses on the net position (deficit) (see Table I). The change in net position (deficit) (see Table 2) of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position (deficit) was (\$48.4) million at June 30, 2015 and (\$47.6) million at June 30, 2014, as restated. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$17.5 million at June 30, 2015 and \$17.1 million at June 30, 2014 compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use the net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position (deficit) (\$67.3 million) was unrestricted.

As required by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the School District adopted GASB No. 68 and No. 71. These standards required the inclusion of the School District's proportionate share of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Plan within the School District's financial statements, effective July 1, 2014. The effect of the adoption was to decrease July 1, 2014 beginning net position by \$69.6 million and the inclusion of the obligation, and related deferred inflows and outflows, in the June 30, 2015 financial statements. All governments participating in the retirement plan were required to adopt these new standards.

The (\$67.3) million at June 30, 2015 and (\$66.8) million at June 30, 2014 in unrestricted net position (deficit) of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations plus the impact of the adoption of GASB No. 68 and No. 71. The unrestricted net position balance enables the School District to meet working capital and cash flow requirements as well as to provide for future uncertainties. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

TABLE 2	Governmental Activities			
	Year Ended June 30			
		2014		
		(in mi	llions)	
Revenue				
Program revenue:				
Charges for services	\$	1.4	\$	1.5
Operating grants and contributions		11.1		8.2
General revenue:				
Property taxes		9.6		9.8
State foundation allowance		33.5		34.7
Other		0.7		0.4
Total revenue		56.3		54.6
Functions/Program Expenses				
Instruction		31.7		30.5
Support services		16.0		17.2
Athletics		1.0		1.1
Food services		2.6		2.5
Community services		0.4		0.3
Other		-		0.1
Interest on long-term debt		2.6		2.4
Depreciation (unallocated)		2.8		2.8
Total functions/program expenses		57.1		56.9
Change in Net Position (Deficit)		(8.0)		(2.3)
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year		(47.6)		24.3
Impact of GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 71				(69.6)
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year	\$	(48.4)	\$	(47.6)

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$57.1 million in 2015 and \$56.9 million in 2014. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$1.4 million in 2015 and \$1.5 million in 2014) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$11.1 million in 2015 and \$8.2 million in 2014). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$9.6 million and \$9.8 million in taxes in 2015 and 2014, respectively, \$33.5 million in unrestricted state and federal aid in 2015 and \$34.7 million in 2014, and with our other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements).

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The School District experienced a decrease in net position of \$0.8 million in 2015 and a decrease of \$2.3 million in 2014. The key reason for the change in net position is a continued decrease in operating income, mainly associated with continued declining enrollment.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4.9 million, which is a decrease of \$1.7 million from last year. The primary reason for the decrease was the use of capital funds for the on-going construction of the Athletic Stadium at the West Complex.

In the General Fund, our principal operating fund, the fund balance decreased from \$2.6 million to \$2.5 million. The change is mainly due to decreasing revenue as a result of a budgeted decrease in student enrollment. This decline is due to lower birth rates.

General Fund fund balance is available to fund costs related to allowable school operating purposes. Portions of the General Fund's fund balance have been allocated for certain commitments.

The School District maintains a fund to segregate the voter-approved Sinking Fund millage. The balance of this fund is available to fund specific capital projects allowed by state law and approved by the voters. The fund balance at June 30, 2015 for the Capital Projects Sinking Fund was approximately \$4,000.

During the year, the School District collected taxes authorized by the 2007 Capital Bond in the amount of approximately \$3.8 million. Bond principal and interest payments were made in the amount of \$1.3 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, during the fiscal year, and the fund balance at June 30, 2015 for the 2007 Debt Service Fund was approximately \$1.4 million. This amount is necessary for the payment of bond interest due in November 2015.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was actually adopted just before year end. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the required supplemental information of these financial statements.

Revisions to the 2014-2015 General Fund original adopted budget include an increase in revenue of \$1.9 million of which \$1.1 million was due to the State's MPSERS UAAL Rate Stabilization (147c) funding that came in higher than originally anticipated. Another \$0.6 million was due to additional funding from the State for Performance Based Funding and Foundation Equity payment.

Budgeted expenditures were increased \$2.5 million due to the MPSERS UAAL Rate Stabilization (147c) of \$1.1 million, \$0.8 million due to staffing and collective bargaining commitments and \$0.5 million for additional curriculum program offerings and their related costs

There were no significant variances between the final budget and actual amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had \$68.1 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, vehicles, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of approximately \$0.7 million from last year.

	2015		2014		
Land and land improvements	\$	9,735,457	\$	9,745,737	
Construction in progress		32,901		471,297	
Buildings and building improvements		78,902,154		77,484,667	
Buses and other vehicles		4,877,336		4,427,489	
Furniture and equipment		9,121,459		8,422,599	
Total capital assets		102,669,307		100,551,789	
Less accumulated depreciation		34,568,552		31,789,045	
Net capital assets	\$	68,100,755	\$	68,762,744	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

This year's additions of \$2.1 million included building and equipment, Athletic Complex improvements/construction and equipment and eight new school buses. No debt was issued for these additions.

Additional capital projects are planned for the 2015-2016 fiscal year and include Phase II improvements/construction of the Athletic Complex and four new school buses. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt

The School District has one Unlimited Tax Bond obligation outstanding for \$48.0 million whereby repayment is funded by the millage passed for the 2007 bond issue. During the year, taxes were collected in the amount of approximately \$3.8 million and principal and interest payments were made totaling approximately \$3.8 million. In the future, bond issue millage rates will be determined annually to ensure that the School District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond principal and interest payments. The School District also has two separate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds. These bonds have face values of \$775,000 and \$500,000, and outstanding balances of \$730,000 and \$475,000, respectively. These bonds were used to provide for energy-related improvements throughout the School District as well as to provide funds to assist in the renovations of the high schools and to prefund the building of the Athletic Complex on the West Campus. Repayment of these bonds will come from a combination of energy savings, fundraising activities, and general funds. More detailed information regarding these bonds is presented in Note 7.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay, sick leave, and capital risk liability. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The School District's Board of Education members and administration begin reviewing revenue and expenditure projections for the 2015-2016 fiscal year early in the 2015 school year for the budget to be adopted by July I. The budget is developed to support programs and services designed to achieve the goals and objectives of the School District as outlined in the School District's strategic plan. Resources for funding the budget include current year revenue (82 percent from state aid and the foundation allowance) and existing fund balance. With the completion of the 2014-2015 school year, the School District completed the third year of a comprehensive three-year budget plan.

To address the continuing issue of declining birth rates and enrollment, which directly affects our revenue to the School District, the budget process for this year included reducing expenditures \$2.6 million dollars, as one-time adjustments, to mitigate the approximately \$3.0 million dollar operating deficit. A little over half of this amount, \$1.4 million, came from staffing related reductions. The remaining \$1.2 million came from non-instruction related expenditure reductions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Additionally, the School District settled all of its seven collective bargaining unit agreements before their expiration date of June 30th. A major component of the agreements was to allow steps in salaries for 2015-2016 with a letter of agreement that each unit would engage to jointly study alternate compensation schedules. No later than February 1, 2016, if consensus is reached, the joint study committee will forward a recommendation, to be considered by both bargaining teams, for use in successor agreements.

Contacting the School District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the business office.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Primary
	Government
	Governmental
	Activities
A	
Assets Cook and cook a suivalents (Note 2)	\$ 6,155,395
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	. , ,
Receivables (Note 4) Inventories	7,677,431 38,586
	163,514
Prepaid costs Restricted assets (Note 9)	1,457,205
· ,	68,100,755
Capital assets - Net (Note 5)	
Total assets	83,592,886
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred outflows related	
to pensions (Note 10)	4,506,127
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	88,099,013
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,012,491
Accrued payroll-related liabilities	4,488,517
State aid anticipation note (Note 11)	4,485,528
Accrued interest (Note 11)	460,422
Due to other governmental units	430,425
Unearned revenue (Note 4)	133,690
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year (Note 7)	1,720,698
Due in more than one year (Note 7)	49,863,785
Net pension liability (Note 10)	68,803,150
Total liabilities	131,398,706
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred inflows related	
to pensions (Note 10)	5,068,719
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	136,467,425
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	17,504,772
Restricted:	
Debt service	1,035,945
Capital projects	3,991
Food Service	436,784
Unrestricted	(67,349,904)
Total net position	<u>\$ (48,368,412)</u>

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Program	, Rev	/enue	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Functions/Programs Primary government - Governmental							
activities: Instruction Support services Athletics Food services Community services Intergovernmental transfers Interest Depreciation expense (unallocated)	\$	31,685,687 16,058,625 990,271 2,609,839 408,702 9,392 2,523,641 2,800,520	\$	123,023 182,445 772,030 373,169 - -	\$	6,603,541 2,553,066 - 1,912,844 - - -	\$ (25,082,146) (13,382,536) (807,826) 75,035 (35,533) (9,392) (2,523,641) (2,800,520)
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	57,086,677	\$	1,450,667	<u>\$</u>	11,069,451	(44,566,559)
	General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes - Levied for general purposes Property taxes - Levied for debt service Property taxes - Levied for capital projects State aid not restricted to specific purposes Interest and investment earnings Loss on the sale of capital assets Other						5,873,945 3,748,748 449 33,547,237 14,930 (1,267) 604,988
		Т	otal	general reven	ues		43,789,030
	Cł	ange in Net	Pos	sition			(777,529)
	N	et Position - A	As re	estated - Begir	ning	g of year	(47,590,883)
	N	et Position - I	End	of year			<u>\$ (48,368,412)</u>

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2015

Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	General Fund \$ 5,195,566	Nonmajor Funds \$ 959,829	Total Governmental Funds \$ 6,155,395
Receivables (Note 4)	7,558,312	119,119	7,677,431
Due from other funds (Note 6)	40,535 38,586	14,000	54,535
Inventories Prepaid assets	163,514	-	38,586 163,514
Restricted assets (Note 9)	-	1,457,205	1,457,205
restricted assets (Note 7)			
Total assets	\$12,996,513	\$ 2,550,153	\$ 15,546,666
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 922,525	\$ 112,852	\$ 1,035,377
Accrued payroll-related liabilities	4,488,517	-	4,488,517
State aid anticipation note (Note 11)	4,485,528	-	4,485,528
Accrued interest (Note 11)	56,479	-	56,479
Due to other governmental units	430,425	_	430,425
Due to other funds (Note 6)	-	31,649	31,649
Unearned revenue (Note 4)	133,690		133,690
Total liabilities	10,517,164	144,501	10,661,665
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable:			
Inventory	38,586	_	38,586
Prepaid assets	163,514	-	163,514
Restricted:			
Capital projects	-	3,991	3,991
Debt service	-	1,439,888	1,439,888
Food service	=	436,784	436,784
Assigned:			
Capital projects	-	522,989	522,989
Budgeted use of fund balance in subsequent year	1,398,041	-	1,398,041
Debt service	-	2,000	2,000
Unassigned	879,208		879,208
Total fund balances	2,479,349	2,405,652	4,885,001
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$12,996,513	\$ 2,550,153	\$ 15,546,666

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fund Balance Reported in Governmental Funds			\$	4,885,001
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta of net position are different because:	tem	ent		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:				
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 	102,669,307 (34,568,552)		68,100,755
Deferred outflows related to pension payments made subsequent to the measurement date				4,506,127
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the governmental funds:				
Bonds payable including premium Compensated absences Risk liability		(50,595,983) (280,800) (707,700)		(51,584,483)
Accrued interest payable is not included as a liability in governmental funds				(403,943)
Net pension obligations do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities				(68,803,150)
Deferred inflows related to pension investment returns and changes in assumptions are not reported in the governmental funds				(5,068,719)
Net Position of Governmental Activities			<u>\$</u>	(48,368,412)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue			
Local sources	\$ 7,189,705	\$ 4,895,907	\$ 12,085,612
State sources	40,791,489	136,900	40,928,389
Federal sources	1,520,470	1,775,944	3,296,414
Total revenue	49,501,664	6,808,751	56,310,415
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction:			
Basic program	26,399,368	-	26,399,368
Added needs	5,373,285	-	5,373,285
Support services	15,760,076	341,369	16,101, 44 5
Athletics	990,782	-	990,782
Food services	-	2,612,298	2,612,298
Community services	411,684	-	411,684
Debt service:			
Principal	-	1,375,000	1,375,000
Interest	-	2,518,480	2,518,480
Capital outlay	606,541	1,607,521	2,214,062
Intergovernmental transfers	9,392		9,392
Total expenditures	49,551,128	8,454,668	58,005,796
Excess of Revenue Under Expenditures	(49,464)	(1,645,917)	(1,695,381)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in (Note 6)	-	103,330	103,330
Transfers out (Note 6)	(103,330)		(103,330)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(152,794)	(1,542,587)	(1,695,381)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	2,632,143	3,948,239	6,580,382
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 2,479,349	\$ 2,405,652	\$ 4,885,001

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds			\$ (1,695,381)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the sta of activities are different because:	teme	ent	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:			
Depreciation expense Capitalized capital outlay	\$	(2,800,520) 2,139,798	(660,722)
Governmental funds report proceeds from sale of assets as revenue; in the statement of activities, these are recorded net of carrying value of the disposed assets			(1,267)
Underwriter's premium reported as expenditures in the funds and amortized in the statement of activities			65,860
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long- term debt)			1,375,000
Interest expense is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not reported in governmental funds until paid			(71,021)
Change in pension expense related to deferred items			236,202
Compensated absences, as well as self-insured liability claims, are recorded when earned in the statement of activities. In the current			
year, more was earned than paid out			 (26,200)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

(777,529)

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 201*5*

	•	Private Purpose Trust		Student Activities Agency Fund	
Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,734	\$	569,364	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable		500	\$	-	
Due to student groups		-		546,478	
Due to other funds (Note 6)				22,886	
Total liabilities		500	<u>\$</u>	569,364	
Net Position	\$	23,234			

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 201*5*

		Private Purpose Trust
Additions - Revenue	 \$	23
Deductions - Scholarships and other expenses	<u>—</u>	533
Change in Net Position		(510)
Net Position - Beginning of year		23,744
Net Position - End of year	\$	23,234

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County (the "School District") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School District's reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate component units of the School District. Based on the application of the criteria, the School District does not contain any component units.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All of the School District's government-wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position or fund balance are available, the School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources. When an expense is incurred for purposes which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the School District's policy to spend funds in this order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and (2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes and unrestricted state aid.

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources. For this purpose, the School District considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the School District.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fiduciary fund statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the School District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Fund - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. The School District's Special Revenue Fund includes the Cafeteria Fund. Any operating deficit generated by this fund is the responsibility of the General Fund. Revenue sources for the Cafeteria Fund consist of sales to customers, as well as dedicated state and federal grants.

Debt Service Funds - The 2007 Debt Service Fund is used to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures of the 2007 bond issue. The 2014 Debt Service Fund and 2013 Debt Service Fund are used to record interest, principal, and other expenditures of the 2014 and 2013 resolution bonds, respectively.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to report capital project activities. The School District has the following capital projects funds:

Sinking Fund - The Capital Projects Sinking Fund reports capital project activities funded with Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, the School District has complied with the provisions of Section 1212(1) of the State of Michigan School Code.

Sale of Facilities Fund - The Capital Projects Sale of Facilities Fund reports proceeds received from the sale of the School District buildings or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for School District renovation of student facilities. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Athletic Complex Fund - The Athletic Complex Fund reports contributions as revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for School District athletic facilities. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

2007 Bond Issue Fund - The Capital Projects 2007 Bond Issue Fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, and equipment and for remodeling. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Resolution Bond Funds - The 2013 Limited Tax School Building and Site Bonds Capital Project Fund Resolution and the 2014 Limited Tax School Building and Site Bonds Capital Project Fund Resolution funds are used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for capital projects. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were created is accomplished.

Fiduciary Funds - The School District manages certain funds in a fiduciary capacity. These funds are allocated for in private-purpose trust funds or in an Agency Fund.

Agency Fund - The Agency Fund is used to record the transactions of student and community groups for school and school related purposes. The fund is segregated and held in trust for the students.

Private Purpose Trust Fund - The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for resources legally held in trust, including contributions received by the School District to be awarded in the form of scholarships.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and demand deposits.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded. Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. These taxes are billed on December 1 for the entire amount of the property taxes. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At this time, penalties and interest are assessed and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls.

Inventories and Prepaid Assets - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid costs in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted Assets - The unspent property tax revenue levied for the Sinking Fund, requires amounts to be set aside for construction and other allowable expenditures. In addition, the unspent property taxes levied in the Debt Service Funds are required to be set aside for future bond principal and interest payments. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized. The School District does not have infrastructure-type assets.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and building additions	20 to 50 years
Buses and other vehicles	5 to 10 years
Furniture and other equipment	3 to 10 years

Compensated Absences - The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation and sick leave benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments at normal retirement age and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon normal retirement are included.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred outflow related to the pension plan.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred inflow related to the pension plan.

Fund Balance - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable: Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted: Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose.
- Committed: Amounts that have been formally set aside by the Board of Education for use for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the Board of Education.
- Assigned: Intent to spend resources on specific purposes expressed by the Board of Education.
- Unassigned: Amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the
 residual classification for amounts in the General Fund and represents fund balance
 that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed,
 or assigned to specific purposes in the General Fund. In other governmental funds,
 only negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and represent expenditures
 incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts previously restricted,
 committed, or assigned to those purposes.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note I - Nature of Business and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Board of Education has set a target fund balance as 10 percent of expenditures in the General Fund. This is deemed to be the prudent amount to maintain the School District's ability to meet obligations as they come due throughout the year.

Comparative Data - Comparative data is not included in the School District's financial statements.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. MPSERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

Adoption of New Standard – The GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. Statement No. 71 is a clarification to GASB No. 68 requiring a government to recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The statements also enhance accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). In accordance with the statements, the School District has reported a net pension liability of \$73,150,114 and a beginning deferred outflow for pension contributions of \$3,548,170 made subsequent to the September 30, 2013 measurement date, as a change in accounting principle adjustment to unrestricted net position as of July 1, 2014.

Net position at June 30, 2014	\$ 22,011,061
Net pension liability	(73,150,114)
Deferred outflow for pension contributions	3,548,170
Net position at June 30, 2014 - As restated	\$ (47,590,883)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and state law for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July I. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. For budgeting purposes, capital outlay is classified within the related function and athletics is included within central services. Capital outlay and athletics are segregated on the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Additionally, for budgeting purposes, proceeds from the sale of capital assets are classified within local revenues. Proceeds are segregated on the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year end; the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

Capital Projects Fund Compliance - The Capital Projects 2007 Bond Issue Fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For this capital project, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the State of Michigan's School Code.

The Capital Projects Sinking Fund records capital project activities funded with the Sinking Fund millage. For this fund, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1212(1) of the State of Michigan's School Code.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The School District is also allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

The School District has designated two banks for the deposit of its funds.

The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with state statutes has authorized investment in all the allowable investment vehicles noted above.

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's investment policy requires that financial institutions be evaluated and only those with an acceptable risk level be used for the School District's deposits for custodial credit risk. As of year end, the School District's deposit balance of \$9,038,727 included \$8,514,993 of bank deposits (checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The School District evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments - Custodial credit risk of investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of the outside party. The School District's policy for custodial credit risk states custodial credit risk will be minimized by limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by state law, and by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy. At June 30, 2015, the School District did not have investments with custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. The School District's policy minimizes interest rate risk by requiring the structuring of the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools, and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's cash requirements.

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. The School District's policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The School District has no investments as of June 30, 2015.

Foreign Currency Risk - Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the School District's policy prohibit investment in foreign currency.

Note 4 - Receivables and Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Receivables as of year end for the School District's individual major and nonmajor funds, in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Nonmajor							
	Governmental							
	G	eneral Fund		Total				
Receivables:								
Taxes	\$	3,651	\$	19,225	\$	22,876		
Accounts receivable		16,829		-		16,829		
Intergovernmental		7,537,832		99,894		7,637,726		
Total receivables	\$	7,558,312	\$	119,119	\$	7,677,431		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 4 - Receivables and Unavailable/Unearned Revenue (Continued)

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, there was no unavailable revenue and there was unearned revenue related to grant and categorical aid payments received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements in the amount of \$133,690.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions and Adjustments	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 993,06	•	\$ -	\$ 993,061
Construction in progress	471,297	32,901	471,297	32,901
Subtotal	1,464,358	32,901	471,297	1,025,962
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	8,752,676	-	10,280	8,742,396
Building and building improvements	77,484,667	1,417,487	-	78,902,154
Furniture and equipment	8,422,599	710,860	12,000	9,121,459
Buses and other vehicles	4,427,489	449,847	-	4,877,336
Subtotal	99,087,43	2,578,194	22,280	101,643,345
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	2,521,043	394.666	10,280	2,905,429
Buildings and improvements	22,317,272		, _	23,863,106
Furniture and equipment	3,671,524	552,801	10,733	4,213,592
Buses and other vehicles	3,279,206			3,586,425
Subtotal	31,789,045	2,800,520	21,013	34,568,552
Net capital assets being depreciated	67,298,386	(222,326)	1,267	67,074,793
Net capital assets	\$ 68,762,744	\$ (189,425)	\$ 472,564	\$ 68,100,755

Depreciation expense was not charged to activities as the School District considers its assets to impact multiple activities and allocation is not practical.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

	Fund Due From						
	N						
	Gov	Governmental					
Fund Due To	Funds Agency Fund					Total	
General Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	17,649 14,000	\$	22,886	\$	40,535 14,000	
Total	\$	31,649	\$	22,886	\$	54,535	

These balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. The due to/from between capital projects funds was to shift the fund dollars used for an expenditure to use up the Sinking Fund balance.

Interfund Transfer

Transfers of \$103,330 from the General Fund to the 2013 Project Bond Debt Service Fund and the 2014 Project Bond Debt Service Fund covered the principal and interest payments owed on the bonds.

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The School District issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences and certain risk liabilities.

Long-term debt activity can be summarized as follows:

Governmental Activities	_	Beginning Balance		Additions Reductions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Oue Within One Year
Bonds Bond premium	\$	50,555,000 1,481,843	\$	- -	\$	1,375,000 65,860	\$	49,180,000 1,415,983	\$	1,450,000 65,860						
Total bonds payable		52,036,843		-		1,440,860		50,595,983		1,515,860						
Other obligations	_	962,300		1,014,102		987,902		988,500	_	204,838						
Total governmental activities	\$	52,999,143	\$	1,014,102	\$	2,428,762	\$	51,584,483	\$	1,720,698						

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above governmental bond obligations are as follows:

-		Governmental Activities					
Years Ending June 30		_	Principal	_	Interest	<u> </u>	Total
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030		\$	1,450,000 1,530,000 1,605,000 1,680,000 1,755,000 10,035,000 12,350,000	\$	2,451,481 2,382,542 2,308,012 2,229,732 2,147,702 9,348,160 6,552,213	\$	3,901,481 3,912,542 3,913,012 3,909,732 3,902,702 19,383,160 18,902,213
2031-2035 2036-2037			13,350,000 5,425,000		3,368,750 407,500		16,718,750 5,832,500
2000 2007	Total	<u>\$</u>	49,180,000	<u>\$</u>	31,196,092	\$	80,376,092
Governmental	Activities						
General obligati	on bonds consist of the	foll	owing:				
	2007 General Obliga \$1,375,000 to \$2,725,00 to 5.25 percent					\$	47,975,000
\$500,000 - Limited Tax School Building and Site Bonds due in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$40,000 through May 2029; interest at 2.60 percent							475,000
	ited Tax School Building 645,000 to \$65,000 thro percent						730,000
•	Total bonded debt					\$	49,180,000
Other governm	ental activities long-term	ı ol	oligations incl	ude	the followin	g:	
Employee comp Risk liability	pensated absences					\$	280,800 707,700
	Total					\$	988,500

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 8 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for medical benefits, certain property loss, and errors and omissions claims and participates in the MAISL shared-risk pool for claims relating to property loss and torts; the School District is self-insured for dental and vision. The School District is uninsured up to a \$300,000 specific occurrence retention limit for employee injuries (workers' compensation) claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The shared-risk pool program in which the School District participates operates as a common risk-sharing management program for school districts in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

The School District estimates the liability for employee injury claims and for dental and vision benefits that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported. These estimates are recorded in the government-wide statements. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

		2015	 2014	
Estimated liability - Beginning of year	\$	680,900	\$ 485,400	
Estimated claims incurred - Including changes in estimates		900,102	997,030	
Claim payments		(873,302)	(801,530)	
Estimated liability - End of year	<u>\$</u>	707,700	\$ 680,900	

Note 9 - Restricted Assets

The balances for the restricted asset accounts are as follows:

	Governmental		
		Activities	
Unspent bond and sinking fund proceeds and related interest	\$	36,542	
Monies reserved to pay off future debt		1,420,663	
Total restricted assets	\$	1,457,205	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS or the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the School District. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the pension and postemployment healthcare plans. That report is available on the web at http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools, or by writing to the Office of Retirement System (ORS) at 7150 Harris Drive, P.O. Box 30171, Lansing MI 48909.

Contributions - Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are seven different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The range of rates are as follows:

School District

July 1, 2013 - September 30, 2013	12.78% - 16.25%
October 1, 2013 - September 30, 2014	15.44% - 18.34%
October 1, 2014 - June 30, 2015	18.76% - 23.07%

Depending on the plan selected, plan member contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. Plan members electing into the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

The School District's required and actual contributions to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$7,211,926 and \$5,890,475, respectively. Contributions include \$2,364,647 and \$1,657,138 revenue received from the State of Michigan, and remitted to the system, to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Benefits Provided - Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of service times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension, but is permanently reduced 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits, but with an actuarial reduction.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost-of-living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. For some members who do not receive an annual increase, they are eligible to receive a supplemental payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

Net Pension Liability, Deferrals, and Pension Expense - At June 30, 2015, the School District reported a liability of \$68,803,150 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2013 which used updated procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2014. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2014, the School District's proportion was 0.31237 percent, which, in the year of adoption, is unchanged from the proportion measured as of September 30, 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District recognized pension expense of \$4,615,116, exclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL Stabilization Rate. At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	of Sub	red Outflows Resources osequent to urement Date	Inf of	Net Deferred lows (Outflows) Resources as of e Measurement Date
Difference between expected and actual				
experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		(2,538,741)
Net difference between projected and				
actual earnings on pension plan assets		_		7,606,369
Changes in proportion and differences				
between the School District's				
contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		_		1,091
The School District's contributions				
subsequent to the measurement date		4,506,127		
Total	\$	4,506,127	\$	5,068,719

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30		 Amount
2016		\$ 1,241,726
2017 2018		1,241,726 1,241,726
2019		1,343,541
	Total	\$ 5,068,719

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability as of September 30, 2014 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2013 and rolled forward:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal cost actuarial cost method

Assumed rate of return 7.00 to 8.00 percent, net of investment and administrative

expenses based on the groups

Rate of pay increases 3.50 percent

Mortality basis RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for

mortality improvements to 2025 using projection scale BB

The actuarial assumptions used for the September 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from October 1, 2007 to September 30, 2012. As a result of this study, the actuarial assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 to 8.00 percent, depending on the plan option selected. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at contractually required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real
Investment Category	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	28 %	4.8 %
Private equity pools	18 %	8.5 %
International equity pools	16 %	6.1 %
Fixed-income pools	10 %	1.5 %
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10 %	5.3 %
Real return, opportunistic, and absolute pool	16 %	6.3 %
Short-term investment pools	2 %	(0.2)%
Total	100 %	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the School District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 to 8.00 percent, depending on the plan option, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percentage point lower or 1.00 percentage point higher than the current rate:

I.00 Percent Decrease			Current Discount Rate	I.00 Percent Increase				
(7.00/6.00 Percent)			(8.00/7.00 Percent)	(9.00/8.00 Percent)				
\$	90,712,780	\$	68,804,529	\$	50,346,504			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan - At June 30, 2015, the School District reported a payable of \$713,642 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 10 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Under the MPSERS act, all retirees participating in the MPSERS pension plan have the option of continuing health, dental, and vision coverage through MPSERS. Retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate. School District - The employer contribution rate ranged from 5.52 percent to 6.45 percent of covered payroll for the period from July 1, 2014 to September 30, 2014 and from 2.20 percent to 2.71 percent of covered payroll for the period from October I, 2014 through June 30, 2015 dependent upon the employee's date of hire and plan election as noted above. Members can choose to contribute 3 percent of their covered payroll to the Retiree Healthcare Fund and keep this premium subsidy benefit or they can elect not to pay the 3 percent contribution and instead choose the Personal Healthcare Fund, which can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Members electing the Personal Healthcare Fund will be automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date and create a 2 percent employer match into the employee's 403B account.

The School District's required and actual contributions to the plan for retiree healthcare benefits for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$1,710,540, \$1,814,582, and \$2,324,545, respectively.

Note II - State Aid Anticipation Note

On August 20, 2014, Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County borrowed \$9 million in a state aid anticipation note. The note bears interest at a rate ranging from 0.42 to 1.24 percent. A total of \$3.75 million of this note is due on August 20, 2015 and the remaining \$5.25 million is due in monthly installments including interest ranging from \$750,245 to \$759,188 from January 20, 2015 through July 20, 2015.

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

On August 20, 2015, Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County borrowed \$9 million in a state aid anticipation note. The notes bear interest at a rate ranging from 0.64 percent to 1.46 percent. A total of \$3.75 million of this note is due on August 22, 2016 and the remaining \$5.25 million is due in monthly installments including interest ranging from \$750,541 to \$765,784 from January 20, 2016 through July 20, 2016.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015

Note 12 - Subsequent Events (Continued)

On September 29, 2015 Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County issued \$995,000 of Limited Tax School Building and Site Bonds at an interest rate ranging from 3 percent to 4 percent, due in annual installments ranging from \$60,000 to \$88,000 through May I, 2030. Repayment is funded from general operating revenues of the School District.

Note 13 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which addresses reporting by governments that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. This OPEB standard will require the School District to recognize on the face of the financial statements its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability related to its participation in the MPSERS plan. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). The School District is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 201*5*

	Original Budget Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under Final Budget			
Revenue								
Local sources	\$	7,319,005	\$	7,179,688	\$	7,189,701	\$	10,013
State sources		39,002,630		41,157,154		40,791,493		(365,661)
Federal sources		1,731,190		1,640,145		1,520,470	_	(119,675)
Total revenue		48,052,825		49,976,987		49,501,664		(475,323)
Expenditures - Current:								
Instruction:								
Basic programs		21,937,491		23,529,420		23,745,886		216,466
Added needs		7,385,990		7,274,015		7,147,216		(126,799)
Capital outlay		4,207		12,710		10,150		(2,560)
Support services:								
Pupil		3,079,841		2,975,162		3,043,975		68,813
Instructional staff		2,416,184		2,537,661		2,325,953		(211,708)
General administration		449,852		503,895		517,512		13,617
School administration		2,842,777		2,819,189		2,648,171		(171,018)
Business services		885,535		931,721		977,806		46,085
Operations and maintenance		3,468,814		3,784,084		3,509,546		(274,538)
Pupil transportation services		2,773,453		3,099,035		2,892,964		(206,071)
Central services		1,588,099		1,699,164		1,714,498		15,334
Capital outlay		516,256		601,147		589,506		(11,641)
Community services		353,966		424,839		411,668		(13,171)
Capital outlay		160,000		160,000		6,885		(153,115)
Intergovernmental transfers and								
other	_	133,280	_	112,630	_	112,722	_	92
Total expenditures	_	47,995,745	_	50,464,672		49,654,458	_	(810,214)
Net Change in Fund Balance		57,080		(487,685)		(152,794)		334,891
Fund Balance - July 1, 2014	_	2,632,143	_	2,632,143	_	2,632,143	_	
Fund Balance - June 30, 2015	\$	2,689,223	\$	2,144,458	\$	2,479,349	\$	334,891

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Determined as of the Plan Year Ended September 30, 2014

School District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.31237 %
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 68,803,150
School District's covered employee payroll	\$ 26,526,013
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	259 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.20000 %

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Lapeer Community Schools of Lapeer County's Contributions to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System Determined as of the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Statutorily required contribution	\$ 5,701,242
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	5,701,242
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-
School District's covered employee payroll	26,190,001
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	21.77 %

Note to Pension Required Supplemental Information Schedules Year Ended June 30, 2015

Benefit Changes - There were no changes of benefit terms in 2015.

Changes in Assumptions - There were no changes of benefit assumptions in 2015.

Other Supplemental Information

	Special Revenue Funds		nds	
Assets	<u>Cafeteria</u>	2014 Project Bond	2013 Project Bond	2007 Debt
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 448,840	\$ -	\$ 2,000	\$ -
Receivables Due from other funds	99,894	-	-	19,225
Restricted assets	-	-	-	1,420,663
restricted assets				1,120,005
Total assets	\$ 548,734	<u> - </u>	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,439,888
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 94,301	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Due to other funds	17,649			
Total liabilities	111,950	-	-	-
Fund Balances				
Restricted:				
Capital projects	-	-	-	-
Debt service	- 427 704	-	-	1,439,888
Food service Assigned:	436,784	-	-	-
Capital projects	_	_	_	_
Debt service	-	-	2,000	-
Total fund balances	436,784		2,000	1,439,888
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 548,734</u>	<u> - </u>	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,439,888

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

\$	36,542	\$	-	\$	188,247	\$	-	\$	334,742	\$	-	\$	2,550,153
_	3,991			_	188,247			_	334,742		-	_	2,405,652
_				_			-	_			-	_	2,000
	-		-		188,247		-		334,742		-		522,989
	-		-		-		-		-		-		436,784
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,439,888
	3,991		-		_		-		-		-		3,991
	32,551		-		-		-		-		-		144,501
\$	18,551 14,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	112,852 31,649
<u> </u>	30,012	<u>*</u>		<u>*</u>	100,217	<u>*</u>		<u>*</u>	55 1,7 12	<u>*</u>			
\$	36,542	\$		\$	188,247	\$		\$	334,742	\$		\$	2,550,153
	36,542		<u>-</u>						<u>-</u>				1,457,205
	-		-		- 14,000		-		-		-		119,119 14,000
\$	-	\$	_	\$	174,247	\$	-	\$	334,742	\$	-	\$	959,829
Sin	king Fund	!:	ssue	_	Facilities	Res	olution	_	Complex	Res	olution	_	Funds
		200	7 Bond		Sale of	Proje	ect Fund		Athletic		ect Fund	Go	vernmental
			ojects			С	apital			C	apital	1	Vonmajor
		C	apital				Bonds				Bonds		Total
							ding and				ding and		
							Limited School				Limited		
_					Capital Pr								

Special		
Revenue		
Funds	Debt Service Funds	

	Cafeteria	2014 Project Bond	2013 Project Bond	2007 Debt	
Revenue Local sources	\$ 772.688	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,751,708	
State sources	136,900	-	-	-	
Federal sources	1,775,944				
Total revenue	2,685,532	-	-	3,751,708	
Expenditures Current:					
Support services	=	-	-	-	
Food services	2,612,298	-	-	-	
Debt service:		25.000	45.000	1 205 000	
Principal Interest	-	25,000 11,375	45,000 21,955	1,305,000	
Capital outlay	165,252	11,3/3	21,733 -	2,485,150 -	
Capital Outlay					
Total expenditures	2,777,550	36,375	66,955	3,790,150	
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures	(92,018)	(36,375)	(66,955)	(38,442)	
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in		36,375	66,955		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(92,018)	-	-	(38,442)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	528,802		2,000	1,478,330	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 436,784	<u> - </u>	\$ 2,000	\$1,439,888	

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

_					Capital Pro	ojec	ts Fund						
						20	13 Limited			20	014 Limited		
						Т	ax School			٦	Γax School		
						В	uilding and			В	uilding and		
			Capital			S	ite Bonds			9	Site Bonds		Total
			Projects				Capital				Capital		Nonmajor
		2	.007 Bond		Sale of	Pr	oject Fund		Athletic	P	roject Fund	G	overnmental
Si	nking Fund	_	Issue	_	Facilities	_R	esolution	_	Complex	_	Resolution	_	Funds
.	500	.	20		270			.	270 427	.	7.	•	4 005 007
\$	582 -	\$	88	\$	279	\$	64	\$	370,427 -	\$	71 -	\$	4,895,907 136,900
_				_	-	_		_		_	-		1,775,944
	582		88		279		64		370,427		71		6,808,751
	80,961		95,123		105,038		53,474		6,272		501		341,369
	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,612,298
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,375,000
_	402,493		261,067	_	94,936	_	104,192		90,490	_	489,091	_	2,518,480 1,607,521
_	483,454	_	356,190	_	199,974	_	157,666	_	96,762	_	489,592		8,454,668
	(482,872)		(356,102)		(199,695)		(157,602)		273,665		(489,521)		(1,645,917)
_		_		_	-	_		_	-	_	-	_	103,330
	(482,872)		(356,102)		(199,695)		(157,602)		273,665		(489,521)		(1,542,587)
_	486,863	_	356,102	_	387,942	_	157,602	_	61,077	_	489,521		3,948,239
\$	3,991	\$		\$	188,247	\$		\$	334,742	\$	-	\$	2,405,652

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2015

	Hall Endowment		 Project Close-up		Beckwith		Total	
Assets - Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,338	\$ 8,955	\$	6,441	\$	23,734	
Current Liabilities - Accounts payable	\$	500	\$ -	\$		\$	500	
Net Position - Restricted for endowments	\$	7,838	\$ 8,955	\$	6,441	<u>\$</u>	23,234	

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Hall Endowment		_	Project Close-up		Beckwith		Total	
Operating Revenue - Interest and other	\$	8	\$	9	\$	6	\$	23	
Operating Expenses - Scholarships, other expenses, and transfers out to Lapeer County Community		500				22		522	
Foundation		500	_		_	33		533	
Change in Net Position		(492)		9		(27)		(510)	
Net Position - Beginning of year		8,330	_	8,946	_	6,468	_	23,744	
Net Position - End of year	\$	7,838	<u>\$</u>	8,955	<u>\$</u>	6,441	<u>\$</u>	23,234	

Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness Year Ended June 30, 2015

L 20	2007 Debt	2013 Project Bond	2014 Project Bond	Total
June 30	Principal	Principal	<u>Principal</u>	Total
2016	\$ 1,375,000	\$ 45,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 1,450,000
2017	1,450,000	50,000	30,000	1,530,000
2018	1,525,000	50,000	30,000	1,605,000
2019	1,600,000	50,000	30,000	1,680,000
2020	1,675,000	50,000	30,000	1,755,000
2021	1,750,000	55,000	30,000	1,835,000
2022	1,825,000	55,000	35,000	1,915,000
2023	1,900,000	60,000	35,000	1,995,000
2024	2,000,000	60,000	35,000	2,095,000
2025	2,100,000	60,000	35,000	2,195,000
2026	2,200,000	65,000	35,000	2,300,000
2027	2,300,000	65,000	40,000	2,405,000
2028	2,400,000	65,000	40,000	2,505,000
2029	2,500,000	-	40,000	2,540,000
2030	2,600,000	-	-	2,600,000
2031	2,625,000	-	-	2,625,000
2032	2,650,000	-	-	2,650,000
2033	2,675,000	=	-	2,675,000
2034	2,700,000	=	- -	
2035	2,700,000	=	-	2,700,000
2036	2,700,000	-	-	2,700,000
2037	2,725,000			2,725,000
Total	\$ 47,975,000	\$ 730,000	\$ 475,000	\$ 49,180,000
Principal payments due	May I	May I	May I	
Interest payments due	May I and November I	May I and November I	May I and November I	
Interest rate	4.75% - 5.25%	1.72% - 3.62%	2.60%	
Original issue	\$ 55,205,000	\$ 775,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 56,480,001